



The OPERA Experiment

Latest Results

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Neutrino Oscillations



Neutrino oscillation in **disappearance** mode:

- **First observation:** SK, MACRO...
- **Further studies:** SNO, MINOS, KamLAND, Borexino...

Neutrino oscillation in **appearance** mode:

- Observation needed to establish the picture of neutrino oscillations

Solar scale:

- $\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_\mu$: Below threshold for μ production

Atmospheric scale:

- $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$: Sub-leading (T2K, OPERA)
- $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$: ν_μ from cosmic rays (SK: statistical analysis, large BG)
- $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$: ν_μ from long-baseline beams
OPERA: τ lepton identification on an event-by-event basis





The OPERA Experiment

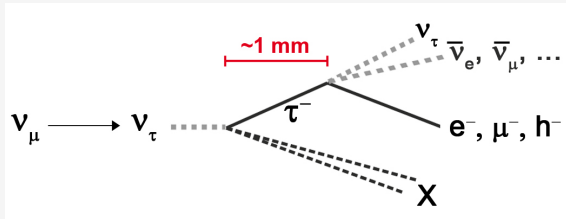
*The OPERA experiment
in the CERN to Gran Sasso neutrino beam,
JINST 4 (2009) P04018*

The OPERA Experiment



OPERA: Oscillation Project with Emulsion Tracking Apparatus

- **Appearance search:** Direct observation of $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ oscillations
detection of τ production & decay
- ▷ **Characteristic 'kink' topology:**



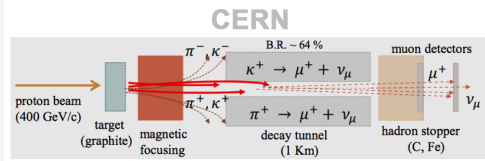
- **ν beam:** High-intensity & high-energy long-baseline ν_μ beam
- **Detector:** Large target mass, high precision $\mathcal{O}(\mu\text{m})$
- **Location:** Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso (LNGS)
1 400 m rock coverage, 3 800 m w.e.



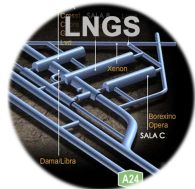
The CNGS ν_μ Beam



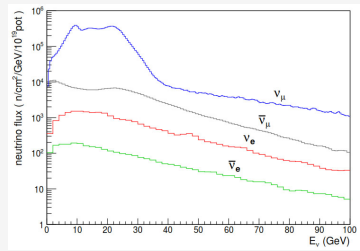
CNGS: CERN Neutrinos to Gran Sasso (2008 – 2012)



732 km



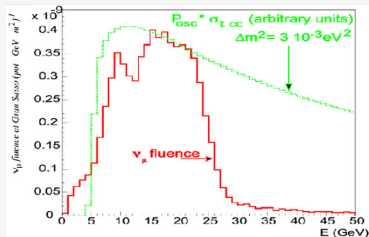
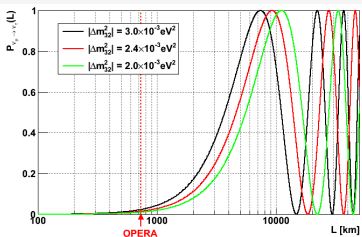
$\langle E_\nu \rangle$		17 GeV
$\bar{\nu}_\mu / \nu_\mu$	CC	2.1 %
ν_e / ν_μ	CC	0.89 %
$\bar{\nu}_e / \nu_\mu$	CC	0.06 %
ν_τ / ν_μ	CC	$< 10^{-4}$ %
p.o.t. (total)		17.97×10^{19}



Beam Characteristics at LNGS



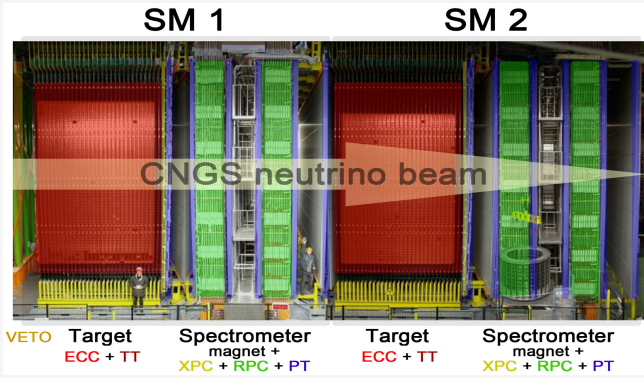
$$P(\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau) \sim \sin^2 2\theta_{23} \cos^4 \theta_{13} \sin^2 \left(\Delta m_{23}^2 \frac{L}{4E} \right)$$



- $\frac{L}{\langle E \rangle} \sim 43 \frac{\text{km}}{\text{GeV}}$
- ▷ $P(\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau) \mathcal{O}(1\%)$
- ν_μ energy optimised for τ detection
(CC τ production threshold: 3.5 GeV)



The OPERA Detector

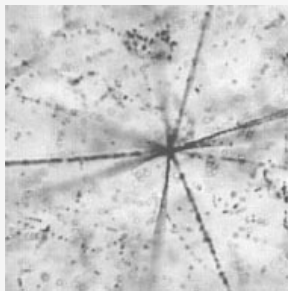
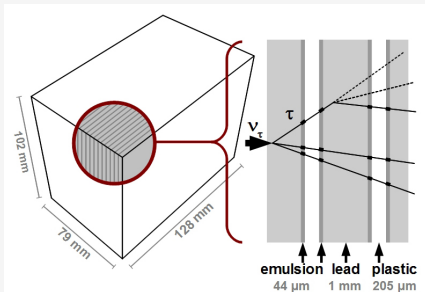


Hybrid detector (ED & ECC):

- 2 identical **Super Modules (SM)** + VETO system
- **Spectrometer:** RPC & XPC, PT
- **Target Area:** TT, **ECC bricks**



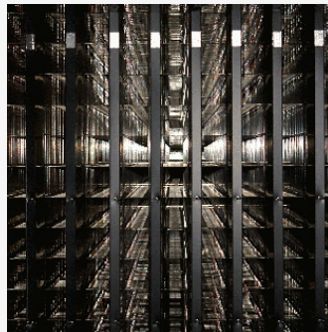
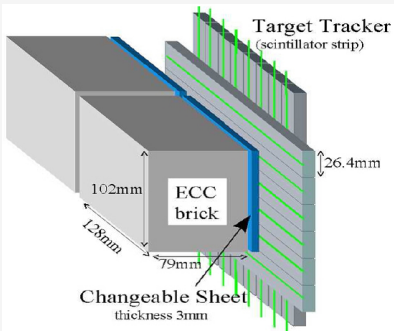
The OPERA Detector



Emulsion Cloud Chamber (ECC) bricks:

- 57×2 AgBr **nuclear emulsions** on plastic bases, interleaved with 56 lead plates ($\sim 10 X_0$)
- **Total:** $\sim 150\,000 \times 8.3\text{ kg}$ $\sim 1.25\text{ kt}$ total target mass
- **Spatial / angular resolution:** $\sim 1\text{ }\mu\text{m}$ / $\sim 2\text{ mrad}$

The OPERA Detector



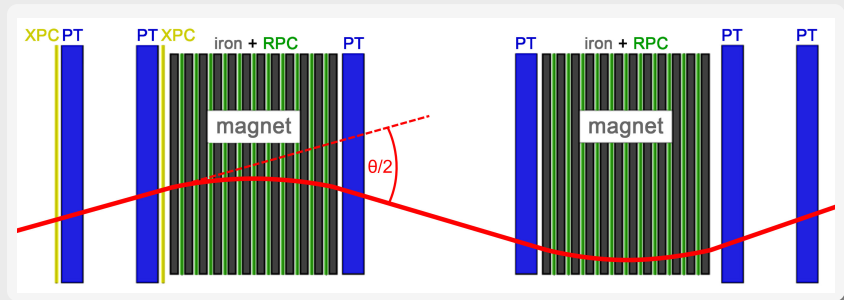
Changeable Sheets (CS):

- 2 extra nuclear emulsion sheets per brick

Target Tracker (TT) detectors:

- Plastic scintillator strips (horizontal & vertical), 31 walls per SM

The OPERA Detector

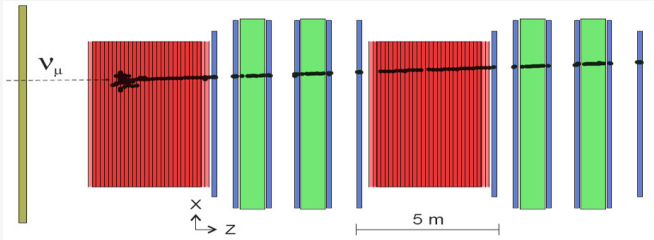


Magnetic Spectrometer:

- Downstream of each target area
- Magnets: Iron core dipole, 1.55 T
- RPC, XPC: Resistive plate chambers
- Precision Tracker (PT): $\sim 10\,000$ drift tubes



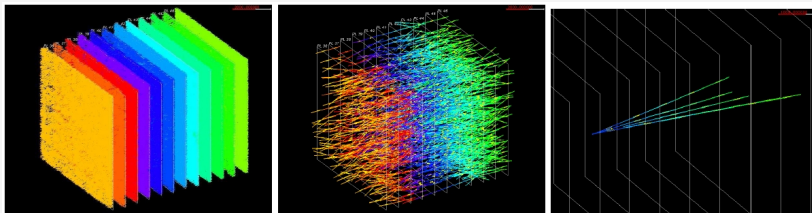
Event Reconstruction



ED event reconstruction:

- **Time resolution:** $\mathcal{O}(\text{ns})$
- μ **identification**, charge & momentum measurement
- Hadronic shower energy reconstruction
- ν interaction **brick localisation**
- ▷ **Trigger:** ECC event reconstruction





ECC event reconstruction:

- **Spatial resolution:** $O(\mu\text{m})$
- 3D track segment & track reconstruction
- ν interaction **vertex localisation**
- **Decay search** procedure:
 - ▷ kink angle / IP measurement, parent / daughter search...
- Momentum measurement via MCS



Oscillation Search:

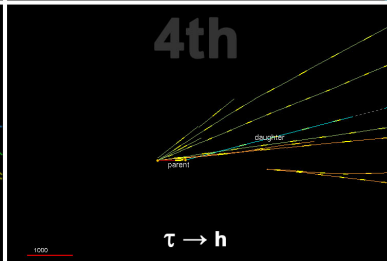
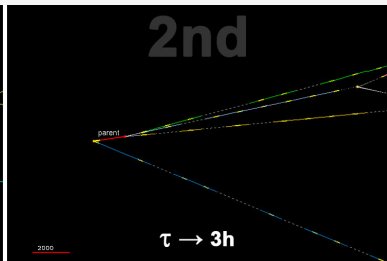
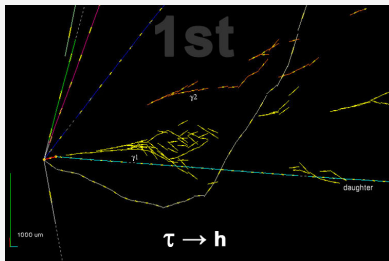
$$\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_{\tau}$$

*Observation of ν_{τ} appearance in the CNGS beam
with the OPERA experiment,
arXiv:1407.3513 (accepted by PTEP)*

$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ Oscillation Search



4 ν_τ candidate events:

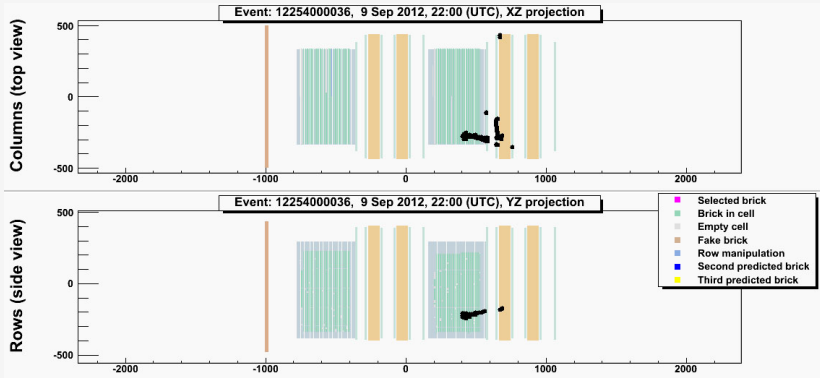




The 4th ν_τ Candidate Event



ED reconstruction:



Brick finding information: Super module 2

	BrickId	Wall	Side	Column	Row	Prob	CS x	CS y
brick 1:	1092217	20	-1	5	16	0.77	-1.0	-1.0
brick 2:	1089442	20	-1	5	15	0.12	-1.0	-1.0
brick 3:	1000527	21	-1	5	16	0.07	-1.0	-1.0

Muon track parameters:

Momentum: N/A
 Tangent angle XZ: N/A
 Tangent angle YZ: N/A





The 4th ν_τ Candidate Event



ECC reconstruction:

- **1ry vertex:** 4 tracks
- **Red track:** 1-prong decay after 1.09 mm
- ▷ **Decay channel:** $\tau \rightarrow h$

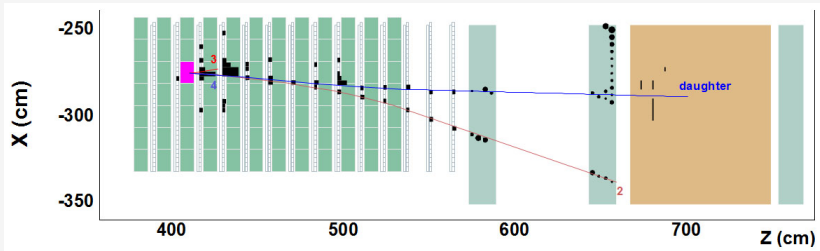




The 4th ν_τ Candidate Event



Track follow-down:



- **Iry vertex track 2:** Stopping in 1st magnet iron slab
 - ▷ **Hadron** ($p = 1.9^{+0.3}_{-0.2}$ GeV/c)
- **Daughter track:** Stopping ist 1st magnet
 - ▷ **Hadron** ($p = 6.0^{+2.2}_{-1.2}$ GeV/c)

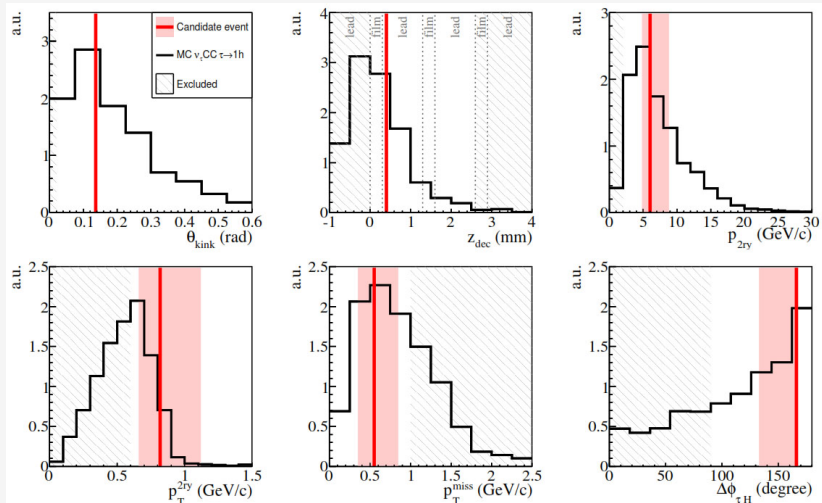




The 4th ν_τ Candidate Event



Kinematical cuts: $\tau \rightarrow h$ decay channel





$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ Oscillation Search



Fully analysed data sample: 4685 events

- 2008/09: 1st & 2nd most probable bricks
- 2010/11/12: 1st most probable brick
- 0μ events & 1μ events with $p_\mu < 15 \text{ GeV}/c$

τ decay channel	Signal (exp.)	Total BG (exp.)	Data (obs.)
$\Delta m_{23}^2 = 2.32 \text{ meV}^2$			
$\tau \rightarrow h$	0.41 ± 0.08	0.033 ± 0.006	2
$\tau \rightarrow 3h$	0.57 ± 0.11	0.155 ± 0.030	1
$\tau \rightarrow \mu$	0.52 ± 0.10	0.018 ± 0.007	1
$\tau \rightarrow e$	0.62 ± 0.12	0.027 ± 0.005	0
Total	2.11 ± 0.42	0.233 ± 0.041	4

Observation of ν_τ appearance:

- p-value: 1.24×10^{-5} (Fisher) / 1.03×10^{-5} (Likelihood)
- ▷ No-oscillation hypothesis excluded @ 4.2σ



$\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$ Oscillation Search

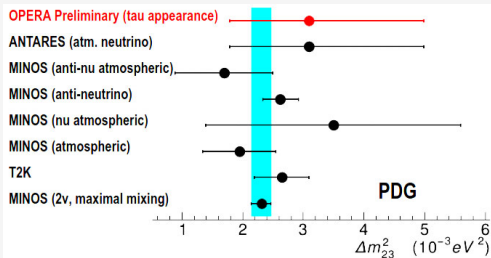


$$N_{\nu_\tau} \propto \int \Phi(E) \sin^2 \left(\frac{\Delta m_{23}^2 L}{4E} \right) \epsilon(E) \sigma(E) dE \propto (\Delta m_{23}^2)^2 L^2 \int \Phi(E) \epsilon(E) \frac{\sigma(E)}{E^2} dE$$

First measurement of Δm_{23}^2 in **appearance mode**:

- $\Delta m_{23}^2 = [1.8 - 5.0] \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$ (Feldman&Cousins)
- $\Delta m_{23}^2 = [1.9 - 5.0] \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$ (Bayes)

(for $\sin^2(2\theta_{23}) = 1$ at 90% C.L.)



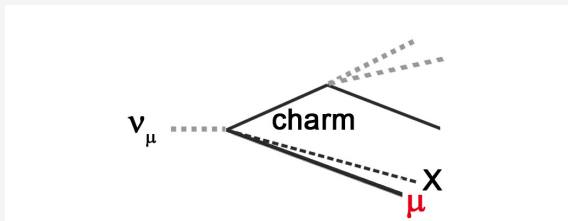


Control Sample: Charmed Particle Decays

*Procedure for short-lived particle detection in the OPERA
experiment and its application to charm decays,
Eur. Phys. J. C **74** (2014) 2986*

Main BG to τ search:

- ν_μ CC interactions with charm production



- Topology similar to τ decay
- μ at 1ry vertex

Other BG:

- Hadronic re-interactions in lead
- Large-angle μ scattering

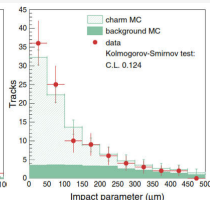
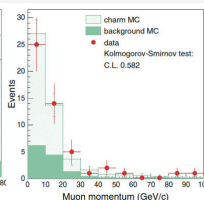
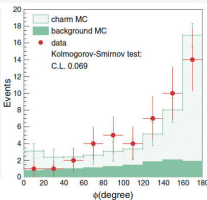
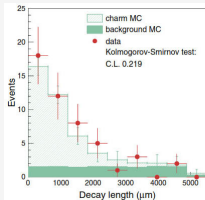
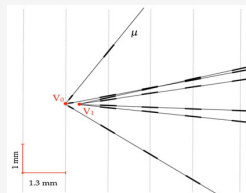


Control Sample: Charmed Particle Decays



2008 – 2010 OPERA data:

	Charm (exp.)	BG (exp.)	Total (exp.)	Data (obs.)
1-prong	21 ± 2	9 ± 3	30 ± 4	19
2-prong	14 ± 1	4 ± 1	18 ± 1	22
3-prong	4 ± 1	1.0 ± 0.3	5 ± 1	5
4-prong	0.9 ± 0.2	—	0.9 ± 0.2	4
Total	40 ± 3	14 ± 3	54 ± 4	50





Oscillation Search:

$$\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_e$$

*Search for $\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_e$ oscillations with the OPERA experiment
in the CNGS beam, JHEP **1307** (2013) 004*



A ν_e Event



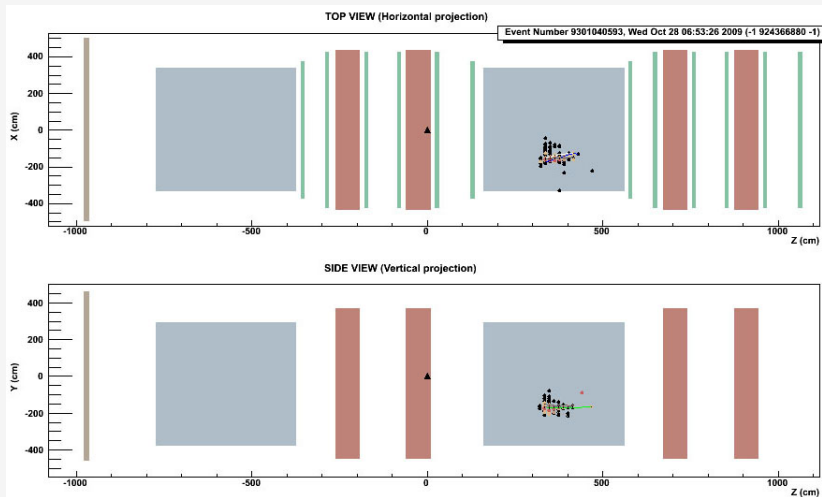
ECC reconstruction:



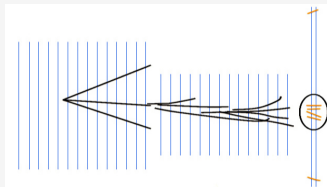
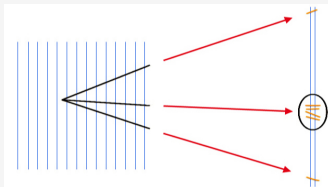
A ν_e Event



ED reconstruction:



CS *em* shower hints:



- **Interpolation** of 1ry vertex tracks to CS
- ▷ Expanded scan volume
- Analysis of downstream bricks

Backgrounds:

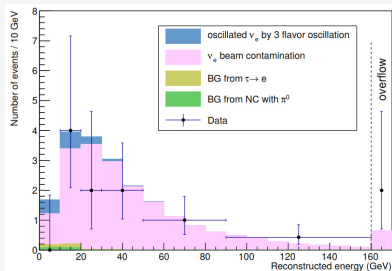
- ν_e from intrinsic **beam contamination**
- e^+e^- from π^0 decays misidentified as single- e
- ν_τ CC interactions with $\tau \rightarrow e$



ν_e Energy Reconstruction



2008 + 2009 ν_e candidate events (reconstructed energy)



Cuts on $E_{\nu,rec}$: Separation of signal & BG

Energy cut		20 GeV	30 GeV	No cut
BG common to both analyses	BG (a) from π^0	0.2	0.2	0.2
	BG (b) from $\tau \rightarrow e$	0.2	0.3	0.3
	ν_e beam contamination	4.2	7.7	19.4
Total expected BG in 3-flavour oscillation analysis		4.6	8.2	19.8
BG to non-standard oscillation analysis only	ν_e via 3-flavour oscillation	1.0	1.3	1.4
	Total expected BG in non-standard oscillation analysis	5.6	9.4	21.3
Data		4	6	19

Assumptions:

- $\sin^2(2\theta_{13}) = 0.098$
- $\sin^2(2\theta_{23}) = 1$
- $\Delta m_{23}^2 = \Delta m_{31}^2 = 2.32 \times 10^{-3} \text{ eV}^2$
- $\delta_{CP} = 0$
- No matter effects



Oscillation Analysis: 3-Flavour



2008 + 2009 data sample:

- 5255 ν CC interactions (5.25×10^{19} p.o.t.)
- ▷ ν_e candidates: 19 events

Separation: Beam contamination and oscillated ν_e

- ν energy cut: $E_{\nu,rec} < 20$ GeV
- ▷ Expected BG: 4.6 events
- ▷ Expected signal: 1.0 events
- ▷ Remaining ν_e candidates: 4 events

Compatible with no-oscillation hypothesis:

- $\sin^2(2\theta_{13}) < 0.44$ (90% C.L.)

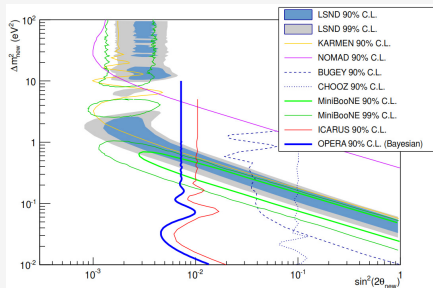
Oscillation Analysis: Non-Standard



Separation: BG and oscillated ν_e

- ν energy cut: $E_{\nu,rec} < 30$ GeV
- ▷ Expected BG: 9.4 events
- ▷ Remaining ν_e candidates: 6 events

$$P_{\nu_{\mu} \rightarrow \nu_e} = \sin^2(2\theta_{new}) \cdot \sin^2(1.27 \cdot \Delta m_{new}^2 L[\text{km}] / E[\text{GeV}])$$



$\sin^2(2\theta_{new}) < 7.2 \times 10^{-3}$ for $\Delta m_{new}^2 > 0.1 \text{ eV}^2$ (90% C.L.) (Bayes)



Atmospheric μ : TeV-Range

*Measurement of TeV atmospheric muon charge ratio
with the full OPERA data,
Eur. Phys. J. C **74** (2014) 2933*



Atmospheric μ charge ratio:

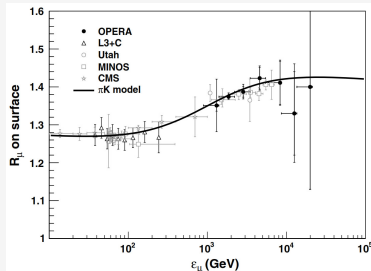
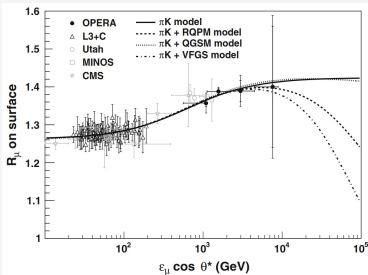
$$R_\mu = \frac{N_{\mu^+}}{N_{\mu^-}} \quad (R_\pi = \frac{Z_{N_{\pi^+}}}{Z_{N_{\pi^-}}}, R_K = \frac{Z_{N_{K^+}}}{Z_{N_{K^-}}})$$

- Study of **cosmic ray interactions** in the atmosphere
- Constraints on **hadronic interaction models**
- Main contributions from π (low energies) & K (high energies)

Atmospheric μ @OPERA:

- **LNGS:** $1\mu\text{m}^{-2}\text{h}^{-1}$ ($\mathcal{O}(\text{TeV})$ surface energy)
 - ▷ Reduced by $\sim 10^6$ w.r.t. surface
- **Charge-symmetric detector:**
 - Measurement at **opposite magnetic field polarities**
 - ▷ Minimisation of systematic uncertainties

OPERA 2008 - 2012 data (single μ):



- **Single μ :** $R_\mu(n_\mu = 1) = 1.377 \pm 0.006(stat.)_{-0.001}^{+0.007}(syst.)$
- **Multiple μ :** $R_\mu(n_\mu > 1) = 1.098 \pm 0.023(stat.)_{-0.013}^{+0.015}(syst.)$
- ▷ R_μ for single μ compatible with simple $\pi - K$ model
- ▷ No sign. contribution of prompt component for $\epsilon_\mu \cos \theta^* \lesssim 10$ TeV
- ▷ Feynman scaling in the fragmentation region for $\epsilon_\mu \lesssim 20$ TeV



Conclusion & Outlook



Conclusion & Outlook



Oscillation Search: $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_\tau$

- 4 ν_τ candidate events observed (0.23 BG events expected)
- ▷ **Observation of ν_τ appearance at 4.2σ**
- ▷ First measurement of Δm_{23}^2 in appearance mode
- **Non-standard analysis:** Limits on Δm_{41}^2 , $|U_{\mu 4}|^2$ & $|U_{\tau 4}|^2$...

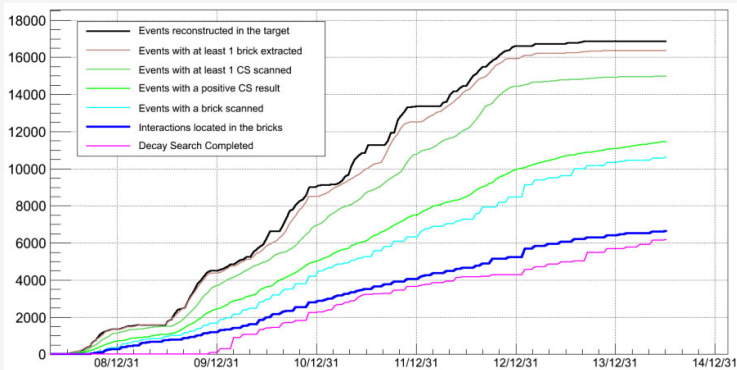
Oscillation Search: $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$

- **3-flavour analysis:** Compatible with **no-oscillation** hypothesis
- **Non-standard analysis:** **New limits** on non-standard oscillations

Atmospheric μ :

- Measurement of R_μ at $\mathcal{O}(\text{TeV})$

Analysis status:



- **CNGS beam (2008 – 2012):** 1.8×10^{20} p.o.t., **19 505 ν interactions**
- **Vertex located:** 6636 interactions
- **Decay search performed:** 6190 interactions



Thank you for your attention!



11 countries, 28 institutes, 140 physicists...

Belgium:

- IIHE-ULB Brussels

Croatia:

- IRB Zagreb

France:

- LAPP Annecy
- IPHC Strasbourg

Germany:

- Hamburg University

Israel:

- Technion Haifa

Italy:

- LNGS Assergi
- Bari
- Bologna
- Frascati
- l'Aquila
- Naples
- Padova
- Rome
- Salerno

Japan:

- Aichi
- Toho
- Kobe
- Nagoya
- Nihon

Korea:

- Jinju

Russia:

- JINR Dubna
- ITEP Moscow
- INR-RAS Moscow
- LPI-RAS Moscow
- SINP-MSU Moscow

Switzerland:

- LHEP Bern

Turkey:

- METU Ankara