

# KingCOBRA

MC based Background Estimation

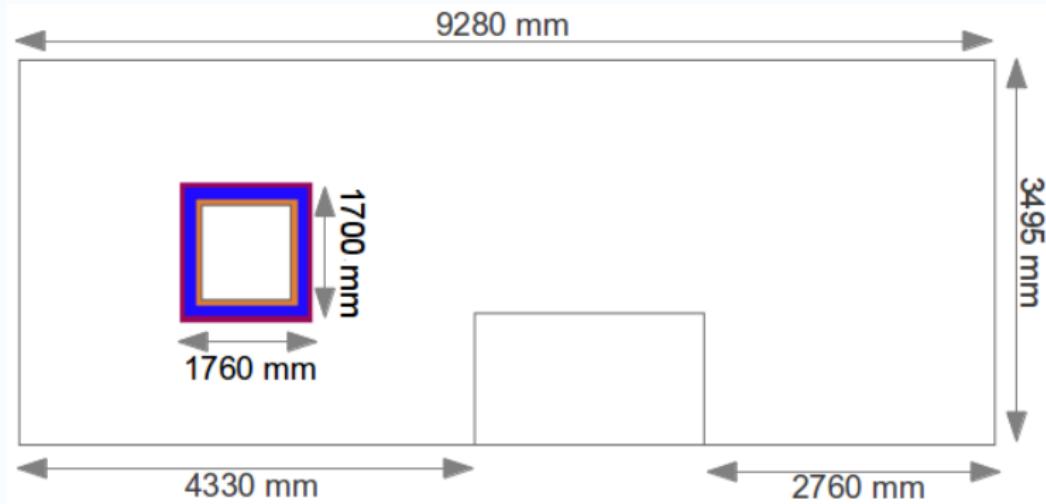
Nadine Heidrich  
for the COBRA Collaboration

Universität Hamburg  
Institut für Experimentalphysik

March 24, 2014

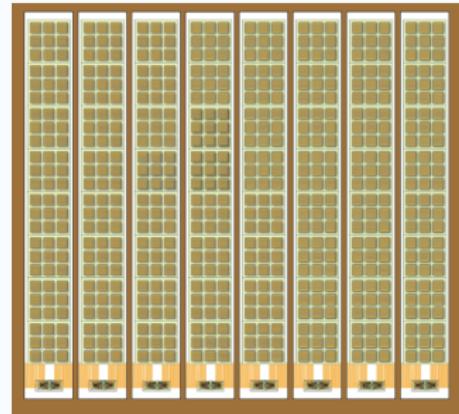
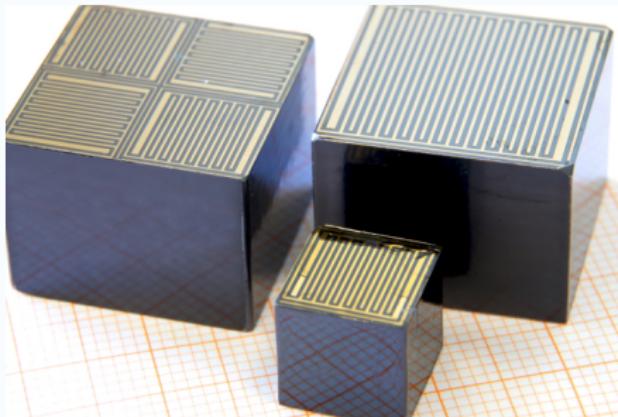
# Towards a large scale setup

COBRA hut at LNGS:



- Developed shield: B5%PE (10 cm) – Lead (20 cm) – Copper (10 cm)
- $95.5 \times 90 \times 85 \text{ cm}^3$  are reserved for detectors

# Towards a large scale setup

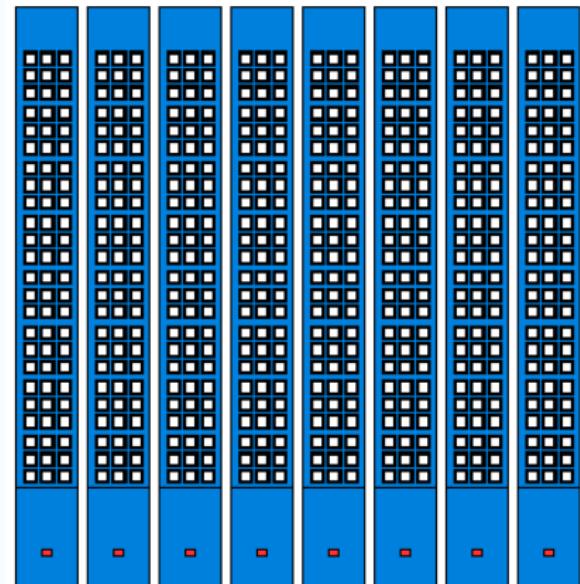


- Switch to larger detectors  $2 \times 2 \times 1.5 \text{ cm}^3$ 
  - Higher detection efficiency
  - Smaller surface to volume ratio

# Towards a large scale setup

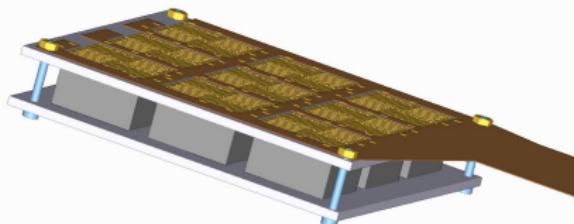
Inner structure:

- Size of detectors:  
 $2 \times 2 \times 1.5 \text{ cm}^3$
- Number of detectors:  
 $3 \times 3 \times 8 \times 8 \times 24 = 13824$
- Lacquer surrounding the detectors implemented
- Support structure (Delrin) implemented
- ASICs implemented

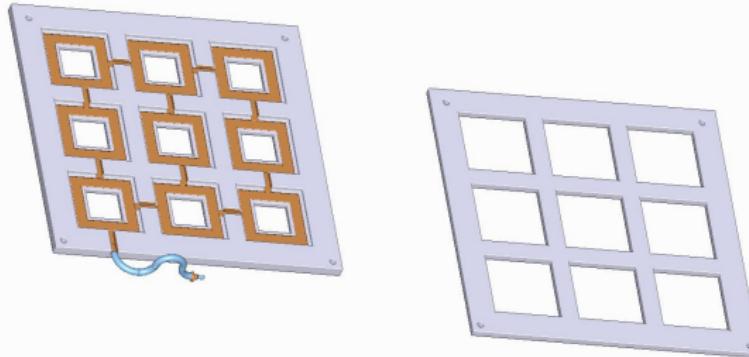


# Towards a large scale setup

- Complete holder:



- Bottom plate (left) and top plate (right):





# General



## Goal:

- Calculate background rates for different setup parts and different background sources
- Determine upper limits of the corresponding activities

## Simulation:

- Events ( $\sim 10^6$ ) were generated for each setup part and source (intrinsic, surface, external)
- Simulation package: Geant4 9.6.p02

## Measured activities:

- e.g. ILIAS database on radiopurity of materials:  
<http://radiopurity.in2p3.fr/>

# General

Calculation of the background rate:

$$B = \frac{N_{ROI-SDE}}{m \cdot \Delta E \cdot t}$$

$N_{ROI-SDE} \rightarrow$  Single detector events in the ROI

$$m = m_{det} \cdot N_{det} \cdot s \cdot a$$

$m \rightarrow$  Mass of  $^{116}\text{Cd}$

$$= 36 \text{ g} \cdot (3 \cdot 3 \cdot 8 \cdot 8 \cdot 24) \cdot 0.5 \cdot 0.9$$

$N_{det} \rightarrow$  Simulated detectors

$$ROI = 2.7 - 2.9 \text{ MeV}$$

$s \rightarrow$  Ratio

$$\Delta E = 200 \text{ keV}$$

$a \rightarrow$  Abundance

$$N_{sim} = 1.01 \cdot 10^6$$

$\Delta E \rightarrow$  Energy resolution

$$t = \frac{N_{sim}}{A \cdot m_{mat}}$$

$N_{sim} \rightarrow$  Simulated events

$A \rightarrow$  Activity per kg

$m_{mat} \rightarrow$  Mass of material (eg. Cu)





## PRELIMINARY!

$$\sim 15.697 \cdot 10^{-3} \frac{\text{events}}{\text{kg}\cdot\text{keV}\cdot\text{yr}}$$

### Considered setup parts:

- Copper, lead
- Lacquer
- Holder
- Cathode
- ASICs

### Considered sources:

- Decay chains,  $^{40}\text{K}$ ,  $^{137}\text{Cs}$ ,  $^{190}\text{Pt}$ , etc
- Fast neutrons, spontaneous fission neutrons
- Muons
- Cosmogenic radionuclei in CdZnTe

## PRELIMINARY!

$$\sim 15.697 \cdot 10^{-3} \frac{\text{events}}{\text{kg}\cdot\text{keV}\cdot\text{yr}}$$

Not applied:

- Lateral surface events cut
- Multi-side events within one detector
  - Further reduction of background rate possible



# Summary/Outlook

- Possible large scale setup of COBRA implemented in MC simulation
- MC campaign started to determine the expected total background rate
- First results are promising!



# Summary/Outlook

- Possible large scale setup of COBRA implemented in MC simulation
- MC campaign started to determine the expected total background rate
- First results are promising!
- Background estimation for thermal neutrons from  $(\alpha, n)$  – reactions
- Background estimation for cosmogenic radionuclei in shielding materials
- Additional parts: HV supply, Kapton cable of anode readout
- Investigation of measured activities



# Summary/Outlook

- Possible large scale setup of COBRA implemented in MC simulation
- MC campaign started to determine the expected total background rate
- First results are promising!
- Background estimation for thermal neutrons from  $(\alpha, n)$  – reactions
- Background estimation for cosmogenic radionuclei in shielding materials
- Additional parts: HV supply, Kapton cable of anode readout
- Investigation of measured activities

Thank you for your attention!



## Backup-Slides




# Results: Copper & Lacquer (intrinsic)

Source	Material Location	$A_m$ [mBq/kg]	$A_{rec}$ [mBq/kg]	B [1/kg/keV/yr]
$^{214}\text{Bi}$	Copper	$3 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$10^{-2}$	$2.5 \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{208}\text{Tl}$	Copper	0.5–1	$10^{-1}$	$< 7.4 \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{214}\text{Bi}$	Lacquer	–	$10^{-1}$	$(2.01 \pm 0.07) \cdot 10^{-5}$
$^{214}\text{Po}$	Lacquer	–	$10^{-1}$	$(1.45 \pm 0.02) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{218}\text{Po}$	Lacquer	–	$10^{-1}$	$(1.93 \pm 0.02) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{220}\text{Rn}$	Lacquer	–	$10^{-1}$	$(3.86 \pm 0.05) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{216}\text{Po}$	Lacquer	–	$10^{-1}$	$(3.54 \pm 0.04) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{212}\text{Bi}$	Lacquer	–	$10^{-1}$	$(3.42 \pm 0.07) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{212}\text{Po}$	Lacquer	–	$10^{-1}$	$(5.59 \pm 0.09) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{208}\text{Tl}$	Lacquer	–	$10^{-1}$	$(2.6 \pm 0.2) \cdot 10^{-5}$
$^{235}\text{U}$	Lacquer	–	$< 10^3$	$< 6.96 \cdot 10^{-6}$
<b>sum</b>				<b><math>&lt; 3.022 \cdot 10^{-3}</math></b>

# Results: Lacquer (surface)

Source	Material / Location	$A_m$ [mBq/kg]	$A_{rec}$ [mBq/kg]	B [1/kg/keV/yr]
$^{214}\text{Bi}$	Lacquer sur	–	1	$(1.41 \pm 0.06) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{214}\text{Po}$	Lacquer sur	–	1	$(7.5 \pm 0.1) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{218}\text{Po}$	Lacquer sur	–	$10^{-1}$	$(2.48 \pm 0.03) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{220}\text{Rn}$	Lacquer sur	–	$10^{-1}$	$(3.59 \pm 0.04) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{216}\text{Po}$	Lacquer sur	–	$10^{-1}$	$(2.39 \pm 0.03) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{212}\text{Bi}$	Lacquer sur	–	0.5	$(4.15 \pm 0.07) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{212}\text{Po}$	Lacquer sur	–	0.5	$(2.53 \pm 0.06) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{208}\text{Tl}$	Lacquer sur	–	0.5	$(3.9 \pm 0.2) \cdot 10^{-5}$
$^{235}\text{U}$	Lacquer sur	–	3	$(8.1 \pm 0.8) \cdot 10^{-5}$
sum				$\sim 2.525 \cdot 10^{-3}$

# Results: Delrin holder

Probe	Activities ( $\text{mBq kg}^{-1}$ )					
	$^{238}\text{U}$	$^{232}\text{Th}$	$^{210}\text{Pb}$	$^{137}\text{Cs}$	$^{60}\text{Co}$	$^{40}\text{K}$
Sn granules	<7	<8	<1800	<7	<4	<72
Teflon powder	<9	<11	<70	<10	<9	<108
nylon screws	<14	<14	<70	<13	<7	<139
solenoid wire	<3	<4	<550	<2	<1	<25
Delrin	<10	<12	<91	$21 \pm 5$	<9	<132
OFHC Cu	<82	<136	$< 1.2 \times 10^4$	<86	<65	<1200
connector (280 g)	$314 \pm 5$	$295 \pm 8$	$600 \pm 15$	$18 \pm 2$	$24 \pm 2$	$4600 \pm 90$
Pb shielding	$(2 \pm 0.4) \times 10^5$					

Ref: ORPHEUS dark matter detector

# Results: Delrin holder (inside)

Source	Material / Location	$A_m$ [mBq/kg]	$A_{rec}$ [mBq/kg]	B [1/kg/keV/yr]
$^{214}\text{Bi}$	Holder	< 10	$10^{-2}$	$(42 \pm 1) \cdot 10^{-5}$
$^{214}\text{Po}$	Holder	< 10	$10^{-2}$	$(11.1 \pm 0.2) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{218}\text{Po}$	Holder	< 10	$10^{-3}$	$(187 \pm 2) \cdot 10^{-6}$
$^{220}\text{Rn}$	Holder	< 12	< 12	$(2.03 \pm 0.03) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{216}\text{Po}$	Holder	< 12	< 12	$(1.97 \pm 0.03) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{212}\text{Bi}$	Holder	< 12	< 12	$(7.7 \pm 0.2) \cdot 10^{-5}$
$^{212}\text{Po}$	Holder	< 12	< 12	$(1.39 \pm 0.02) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{208}\text{TI}$	Holder	< 12	< 12	$(3.9 \pm 0.1) \cdot 10^{-5}$
$^{235}\text{U}$	Holder	-	$10^{-1}$	$(3.5 \pm 0.1) \cdot 10^{-4}$
<b>sum</b>				$\sim 2.722 \cdot 10^{-3}$

# Results: Delrin holder (surface)

Source	Material / Location	$A_m$ [mBq/kg]	$A_{rec}$ [mBq/kg]	B [1/kg/keV/yr]
$^{222}\text{Rn}$	Holder sur	–	$< 10^{-2}$	$(4.76 \pm 0.06) \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{210}\text{Po}$	Holder sur	$< 91$	$< 10^{-3}$	$(1.9 \pm 0.1) \cdot 10^{-3}$
sum				$< 2.376 \cdot 10^{-3}$

# Results: ASICs

sample: ASIC pieces from Gamma-Medica - Ideas (Norway) AS, COBRA  
weight: 574.6 g  
live time: 1178392 s  
detector: GeMPI2

## radionuclide concentrations:

Th-232:

Ra-228: < 1.9 mBq/kg <==> < 4.6 E-10 g/g  
Th-228: < 1.3 mBq/kg <==> < 3.1 E-10 g/g

U-238:

Ra-226 < 1.6 mBq/kg <==> < 1.3 E-10 g/g  
Th-234 < 25 mBq/kg <==> < 2.0 E-9 g/g  
Pa-234m < 29 mBq/kg <==> < 2.3 E-9 g/g

U-235: (1.5 +- 0.6) mBq/kg

<==> (3 +- 1) E-9 g/g

K-40: (16 +- 5) mBq/kg

<==> (5 +- 2) E-7 g/g

Cs-137: < 0.55 mBq/kg

Co-60: < 0.13 mBq/kg @ start of measurement, 09-APR-2013

# Results: ASICs

Source	Material / Location	$A_m$ [mBq/kg]	$A_{rec}$ [mBq/kg]	B [1/kg/keV/yr]
$^{214}\text{Bi}$	ASICs	< 1.6	$10^{-1}$	$< 3.08 \cdot 10^{-4}$
$^{208}\text{Tl}$	ASICs	< 1.3	$10^{-1}$	$< 2.0 \cdot 10^{-4}$
sum				$\sim 0.508 \cdot 10^{-3}$

# Neutrons & Muons

Source	Material Location	$A_m$ [mBq/kg]	$A_{rec}$ [mBq/kg]	B [1/kg/keV/yr]
muons	–	–	–	$< 1.7 \cdot 10^{-4}$
fast neutrons	–	–	–	$< 1.98 \cdot 10^{-6}$
SFN	Copper	$25 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$25 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$(2.9 \pm 0.2) \cdot 10^{-5}$
SFN	Lacquer	$50 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$50 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$(3.3 \pm 0.2) \cdot 10^{-13}$
SFN	ASIC	$12.5 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$12.5 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$(1.25 \pm 0.08) \cdot 10^{-7}$
SFN	Holder	$12.5 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$12.5 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$(4.22 \pm 0.09) \cdot 10^{-10}$
$(\alpha, n)$	TBA	TBA	TBA	TBA
sum				$< 2.01 \cdot 10^{-4}$

# Results: Cosmogenic

Isotope	T1/2	Activation rate	Saturation bkg. rate	1y Activation no decay	Saturation +1y decay	1y Activation + 1y decay
Na-22	2.6 y	0.02	2E-6	4E-7	1E-6	3E-7
Co-60	5.5 y	0.05	2E-5	2E-6	1E-5	2E-6
Y-88	107 d	4.3	0.014	0.013	1.3E-3	1.2E-3
Ag-110m	250 d	19.5	3.5E-3	2.2E-3	1.3E-3	8E-4
K-42	33 y (mother)	0.005	2E-4	3E-6	2E-4	3E-6
Sc-44	63 y (mother)	0.01	1E-5	1E-7	1E-5	1E-7
Ga-68	271 d (mother)	0.24	5E-5	3E-5	2E-5	1E-5
Rb-82	26 d (mother)	1.0	0.006	6.3E-3	3E-7	3E-7
Rh-106	374 d (mother)	1.1	0.004	2.1E-3	2.2E-3	1.1E-3
Sb-126	100 ky (mother)	1.3	8E-4	5E-9	8E-4	5E-9
V-48	16 d	0.06	8E-6	8E-6	1E-12	1E-12
Co-56	77 d	0.1	1E-4	1E-4	4E-6	4E-6
Rb-84	33 d	0.15	-	-	-	-
Sb-124	60 d	18.2	0.01	0.01	2E-4	2E-4
Total			0.0387	0.0333	6.8E-3	3.3E-3