

Name: Günter Sigl
Date of birth: 16.05.1964

Professional employment and academic education:

Since 2007	Full Professor (W3) at the Universität Hamburg
2005 – 2007	directeur de recherche of the French CNRS, at APC, Paris, France
1999 – 2005	chargé de recherche of the French CNRS, at IAP, Paris, France
1997 – 1999	research scientist at University of Chicago, Illinois, USA
1993 – 1996	Feodor Lynen fellow (Alexander-von-Humboldt foundation), research
	associate, University of Chicago, Illinois, USA
1990 – 1993	PhD in Physics, Ludwig Maximilians Universität München
1984 – 1990	Diploma in Physics at the Universität München

Honours, distinctions and awards, scholarships, medals:

Since 2011	Coordinator of the theory working package and member of executive board in
	the Helmholtz Alliance for Astroparticle Physics (HAP)
2010 – 2015	theory representative in the national ``Komitee für Astroteilchenphysik" (KAT)
2005 – 2009	Coordinator of the N6 European Network of Theoretical Astroparticle
	Physics within EU fp6 infrastructure ILIAS (Integrated Large
	Infrastructures for Astroparticle Science).
1993 – 1996	Feodor Lynen fellow of the Alexander-von-Humboldt foundation

Supervisory work:

Since 1996	Supervision of 2 Bachelor-students, 8 Diploma/Master-students,
	14 PhD-students, and 8 PostDocs

Selected professional memberships:

Since 2014	deputy spokesperson of the Wolfgang Pauli center for theoretical physics in
	Hamburg
Since 2007	Member of the Pierre Auger Experiment
2007 – 2011	Member of the peer review committee of the Astroparticle Physics European
	Coordination (ApPEC)
2003 – 2007	Member of the national science advisory committee for the national program
	on astroparticle physics in France

Selected research topics and accomplishments:

My main research is at the interface of particle physics with astrophysics and cosmology. In particular I am working on cosmic ray physics, also as a member of the Pierre Auger experiment and co-developer of our public software package CRPropa for simulation of high energy cosmic ray propagation in a structured Universe, multi messenger studies including gravitational waves, oscillation phenomena involving neutrinos and axions, indirect detection of dark matter, and the origin and evolution of cosmic magnetic fields in astrophysical plasmas and in the early Universe. I recently started a collaboration with the QCD experts Sven Moch and Bernd Kniehl to quantify hadronic interaction uncertainties in air shower physics which is important for interpreting high energy cosmic ray and neutrino data. Finally, in 2016 I published an 800 page monograph on astroparticle physics theory and phenomenology which covers most topics of astroparticle physics.

Ten selected publications:

- 1. G. Sigl, "Astroparticle Physics: Theory and Phenomenology," Atlantis Press/Springer, December 2016, DOI: 10.2991/978-94-6239-243-4.
- 2. G. Sigl and G. Raffelt, "General kinetic description of relativistic mixed neutrinos," Nucl. Phys. B **406** (1993) 423.
- 3. G. Sigl, D. N. Schramm and P. Bhattacharjee, "On the origin of highest energy cosmic rays", Astropart. Phys. **2** (1994) 401 [astro-ph/9403039].
- 4. G. Sigl, A. V. Olinto and K. Jedamzik, "Primordial magnetic fields from cosmological first order phase transitions," Phys. Rev. D **55** (1997) 4582 [astro-ph/9610201].
- 5. P. Bhattacharjee and G. Sigl, "Origin and propagation of extremely high-energy cosmic rays," Phys. Rept. **327** (2000) 109 [astro-ph/9811011].
- G. Sigl, F. Miniati and T. A. Ensslin, "Ultrahigh energy cosmic ray probes of large scale structure and magnetic fields," Phys. Rev. D 70 (2004) 043007 [astro-ph/ 0401084].
- 7. A. Buonanno, G. Sigl, G. G. Raffelt, H. T. Janka and E. Muller, "Stochastic gravitational wave background from cosmological supernovae," Phys. Rev. D **72** (2005) 084001 [astro-ph/0412277].
- 8. G. Bertone, G. Servant and G. Sigl, "Indirect detection of Kaluza-Klein dark matter," Phys. Rev. D **68** (2003) 044008 [hep-ph/0211342].
- 9. M. Galaverni and G. Sigl, "Lorentz Violation in the Photon Sector and Ultra-High Energy Cosmic Rays," Phys. Rev. Lett. **100** (2008) 021102 [arXiv:0708.1737 [astro-ph]].
- S. Yoshida, G. Sigl and S. j. Lee, "Extremely high-energy neutrinos, neutrino hot dark matter, and the highest energy cosmic rays," Phys. Rev. Lett. 81 (1998) 5505 [hepph/9808324].