

ÜBUNGEN ZUR VORLESUNG
Feynman Path Integral in Solid State Physics
Blatt 7
Spectral Representation

1) Using the Lehmann-spectral representation derive the expression for one-electron Green Function for the single interacting atom with the Hamiltonian:

$$\hat{H} = \sum_{\sigma} \varepsilon_{\sigma} \hat{c}_{\sigma}^{\dagger} \hat{c}_{\sigma} + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\sigma, \sigma'} U \hat{c}_{\sigma}^{\dagger} \hat{c}_{\sigma'}^{\dagger} \hat{c}_{\sigma'} \hat{c}_{\sigma}$$

where $\sigma = (\uparrow, \downarrow)$ are the spin projections.

2) Using the spin-polarized one-electron Green function:

$$G_{\sigma}(\vec{k}, i\omega) = \frac{1}{i\omega + \mu - \varepsilon_{\sigma}(\vec{k})}$$

obtain an expression for a magnetic susceptibility:

$$\chi_{\uparrow\downarrow}(q) = - \sum_k G_{\uparrow}(k) G_{\downarrow}(k + q)$$

where the 4-dimensional vector defined as:

$$k = (\vec{k}, i\omega)$$

$$\sum_k = T \sum_{\omega_n} \int \frac{d\vec{k}}{(2\pi)^3}$$